

ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION





In accordance with ISO 14025 and EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 for

Galvanized Metal Framing

Programme:

The International EPD® System www.environdec.com

Programme Operator:

EPD International AB

Local Operator:

EPD Turkey

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Programme Information

Programme

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Product Category Rules (PCR): 2019:14 Version 1.11, 2021-02-05, Construction Products and CPC 54 Construction Services, EN 15804:2012 + A2:2019 Sustainability of Construction Works

Independent third-party verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO 14025:2006:

EPD process certification

EPD verification X

Third party verifier: Prof. Vladimír Kocí

Approved by: The International EPD® System

Procedure for follow-up of data during EPD validity involves third party verifier:

Yes No X

The EPD owner has the sole ownership, liability, and responsibility for the EPD. EPDs within the same product category but from different programmes may not be comparable. EPDs of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with EN 15804.



About the Company

DALSAN is an ineradicable company almost as old as Turkish Republic, commenced the fabrication of plaster in industrial level for our country that plaster was formerly used as a healthy, durable and material of construction individually since 9000's B.C. in Anatolia.

DALSAN has developed first workshop establishment from fabrication of teeth plaster by baking and pestling them in neighborhood bakery oven, commenced on 1932.

Today, DALSAN Alçı has fabrication capacity of more then 1 million ton of gypsum and cement based products by using modern and high technology in facilities location in Gebze and Ankara. Additionally, galvanized profiles used in drywall systems are also fabricated in these facilities.

DALSAN increases the share in market by the aim of true and qualified product delivery to customers as well as qualified and honesty based fabrication.

DALSAN succeeded to become a constantly learning institution by caring and monitoring tendencies, expectations, different acknowledges of sector. Importance given on learning among structure of company provides a basis to variety of product range and meet demands of consumers effectively. Continuous learning habit dominant in DALSAN accompanied with information and talent constitutes the most important dynamic of a better and eco-friendly fabrication.

DALSAN is a manufacturer with high export potential due to its location. Today, DALSAN exports to almost 70 countries in the world from both Gebze and Ankara plants.

DALSAN certifies that the goods and services to its customers are supplied with the internationally accepted ISO 9001 Quality Management System. Together with ISO 9001 Quality Management, DALSAN follows and applies ISO 14001 Environmental Management System.

Prior aim of DALSAN for the future is, to be on the top of the line in the technological competition made in plaster and plaster board fabrication by developing the fabrication more and more. Under favour of accumulation of knowledge and importance given to research and development studies, we offer all the needs of a construction from floor to roof.



Product Information

Galvanized Metal Framing ceiling and wall profiles are galvanized steel profiles used in the construction of plasterboard partition walls, drylinings and suspended ceiling systems. Punto ceiling and wall profiles are highly compatible with plasterboard and help with flexibility of installation. Corner profiles are thin galvanized steel profiles used in the corners of plasterboard partition walls and suspended ceilings systems. Corner profiles are also used for maintaining the perpendicularity of wall corners in gypsum plaster applications, and for increasing resistance against shocks.



Houses, office and administration buildings, business and shopping centers, hotels, repair and renewal works.

Composition

Dalsan Galvanized Metal Framing is produced from steel.

After production, the final products are packed with co-strap.



Raw Material	% by weight
Steel	90-99
Galvanize	0-10

Technical Specifications

Propoerties	Unit	Standard	Value
Galvanization	-	EN 14195/ EN 14353/ ASTM C645	Z100/Z120/Z140/Z275
Thickness	mm	EN 14195/ EN 14353/ ASTM C645	0.3-2.0



LCA Information

Declared Unit	1 kg of Galvanized Metal Framing					
Time Representativeness	2020					
Database(s) and LCA Software Used	Ecoinvent 3.6, SimaPro 9.1					

The inventory for the LCA study is based on the 2020 production figures for Galvanized Metal Framing by DALSAN production plants in Gebze, Turkey.

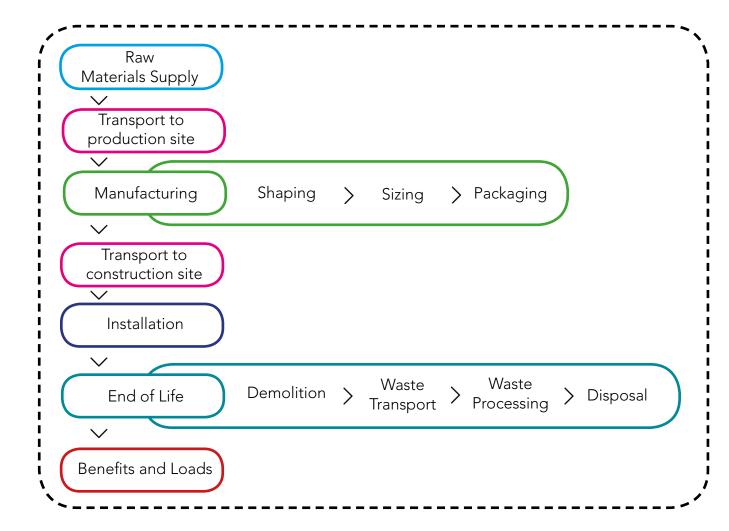
This EPD's system boundary is cradle to grave. The results of the LCA with the indicators as per EPD requirement are given in the following tables for product manufacture (A1, A2, A3), construction process stage (A4, A5), end of life stage (C1, C2, C3, C4) and benefits and load stage (D).

The system boundaries in tabular form for all modules are shown in the table above.

	Product Stage		Constrcution Process Stage		Use Stage						End o	of Life ige		Benefits and Loads		
Raw Material Supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Construction Installation	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational Energy Use	Operational Water Use	Deconstruction, demolition	Transport	Waste Processing	Disposal	Future reuse, recycling or energy recovery potentials
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	В6	В7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Х	X	Χ	Х	Х	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	Χ	Χ	Х	Χ	Х

X = Included in LCA, ND = Not Declared

System Boundary



System Boundary

A1: Raw Material Supply

Production starts with raw materials mainly locally sourced but some transported from other parts of the world. 'Raw material supply' includes raw material extraction and pretreatment processes before production.

A2: Transportation to Production Site

Transport is relevant for delivery of raw materials and other materials to the plant and the transport of materials within the plant. Transport of raw materials to production site is taken as the weight average values for transport from raw materials supplier in 2020.

A3: Manufacturing

'Manufacturing' starts with shaping and sizing of hot-dip galvanized steel coil. The profiles, which are brought to the appropriate dimensions according to the customer's demand, are packaged and shipped. Only electric energy is consumed during the manufacturing. Part of the electrical energy used is provided by solar panels.



A4: Transport From the Gate to the Site

Transport of final product to construction site is taken as the weight average values for transport to customers in 2020. According to DALSAN sales figures, the transportation distance is assumed as 350 km roadway with a lorry.

A5: Installation

There is no energy use during installation, manpower and some tools are sufficient.

C1: Deconstruction and Demolition

There is no energy use during uninstallation, manpower and some tools are sufficient.

C2: Transport

This stage includes the transportation of the discarded profiles to final disposal. Average distance from demolition site to waste processing site for final disposal is assumed to be 100 km.

C3: Waste Processing

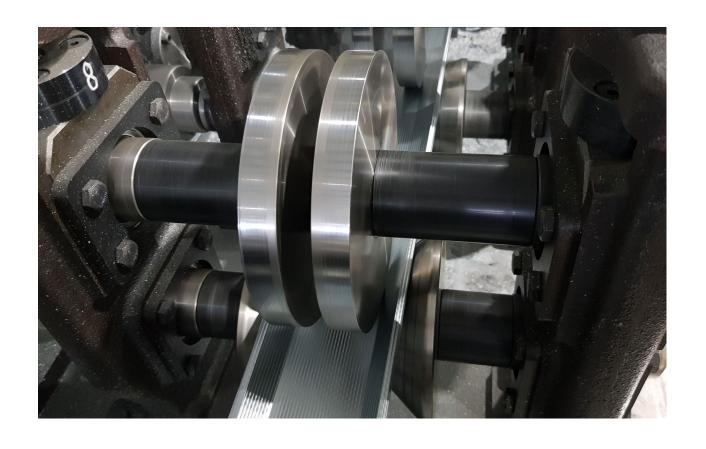
If the wastes are going to landfill or recycling, there is no need for any waste process.

C4 : Disposal

85% recyling scenario has been assumed. It has been accepted that the remaining wastes cannot be collected from the source and go to landfills.

D: Benefits and Loads

In this stage, recycling of steels were calculated specified in the disposal stage.



More Information

Allocations

Water consumption, energy consumption and raw material transportation were weighted according to 2020 production figures.

In addition, hazardous and non-hazardous waste amounts were also allocated from the 2020 total waste generation.

Cut-Off Criteria

1% cut-off applied. Data for elementary flows to and from the product system contributing to a minimum of 99% of the declared environmental impacts have been included.

REACH Regulation

No substances included in the Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for authorization under the REACH regulations are present in this product either above the threshold for registration with the European Chemicals Agency or above 0.1% (wt/wt).

LCA Modelling, Calculation and Data Quality

The results of the LCA with the indicators as per EPD requirement are given in the LCA result tables. All energy calculations were obtained using Cumulative Energy Demand (LHV) methodology, while fresh water use is calculated with selected inventory flows in SimaPro according to the PCR.

There are no co-product allocations within the LCA study underlying this EPD.

The SimaPro 9.1 LCA software and the Ecoinvent 3.6 LCA database were used to calculate the environmental impacts. The regional energy datasets were used for all energy calculations.

Geographical Scope

The geographical scope of this EPD is global.

For more information and related documents as technical data sheet, application manuel, declarations of performance and any certificates, please click or scan the QR code.





LCA Results

Environmental Impacts for 1 kg of **Galvanized Metal Framing**

Impact Category	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP - Fossil	kg CO ₂ eq	2.38	0.032	0	0.059	0.009	0	0.001	-2.01
GWP - Biogenic	kg CO ₂ eq	0.010	23.1E-6	0	0.001	6.60E-6	0	0.013	-0.009
GWP - Luluc	kg CO ₂ eq	0.002	9.29E-6	0	0.001	2.65E-6	0	0.000	-0.002
GWP - Total	kg CO ₂ eq	2.39	0.032	0	0.060	0.009	0	0.015	-2.02
ODP	kg CFC-11 eq	122E-9	7.48E-9	0	1.66E-9	2.14E-9	0	335E-12	-103E-9
AP	mol H+ eq	0.014	134E-6	0	387E-6	38.2E-6	0	8.27E-6	-0.011
EP - Freshwater	kg P eq	0.002	2.25E-6	0	62.1E-6	643E-9	0	280E-9	-0.002
*EP - Freshwater	kg PO₄ eq	0.006	6.89E-6	0	190E-6	1.97E-6	0	856E-9	-0.005
EP - Marine	kg N eq	0.003	40.6E-6	0	63.0E-6	11.6E-6	0	28.1E-6	-0.002
EP - Terrestrial	mol N eq	0.031	445E-6	0	0.001	127E-6	0	30.5E-6	-0.026
POCP	kg NMVOC	0.012	143E-6	0	156E-6	40.8E-6	0	11.8E-6	-0.010
ADPE	kg Sb eq	0.008	543E-9	0	142E-9	155E-9	0	7.30E-9	-0.006
ADPF	MJ	25.2	0.495	0	0.647	0.141	0	0.024	-21.3
WDP	m³ depriv.	0.681	0.002	0	0.028	459E-6	0	229E-6	-0.576
PM	disease inc.	195E-9	2.88E-9	0	1.65E-9	823E-12	0	152E-12	-165E-9
IR	kBq U-235 eq	0.151	0.003	0	0.001	0.001	0	123E-6	-0.128
ETP - FW	CTUe	173	0.394	0	0.566	0.113	0	0.085	-147
HTTP - C	CTUh	19.2E-9	9.71E-12	0	10.4E-12	2.77E-12	0	682E-15	-16.3E-9
HTTP - NC	CTUh	123E-9	448E-12	0	498E-12	128E-12	0	28.2E-12	-104E-9
SQP	Pt	9.71	0.567	0	0.037	0.162	0	0.050	-8.18
Acronyms	GWP-total: Clima biogenic, GWP-l AP: Acidification Eutrophication m ADPE: Abiotic of scarcity, PM: Resp freshwater, HTP- Land use related	uluc: Clima terrestrial narine, EP-t lepletion - piratory ino c: Cancer h	te change - and freshwa errestrial: E elements, rganics - pa numan healt	land ater, l utrop ADPI rticul	use and tran EP-freshwate phication ter E: Abiotic date matter, l	sformation, er: Eutrophi restrial, POG epletion - f R: Ionising r	ODP cation CP: P ossil adiat	P: Ozone laye n freshwater, hotochemica resources, V ion, ETP-FW	er depletion, EP-marine: al oxidation, WDP: Water Ecotoxicity
Legend	A1: Raw Materia A4: Transport to Processing, C4: [Site, A5:	Installation	, C1:	De-Constru	action, C2:	Wast	e Transport,	
Disclaimer 1	This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor due to radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionizing radiation from the soil, from radon and from some construction materials is also not measured by this indicator.								
Disclaimer 2	The results of thi these results are		•						ertainties on
*Disclaimer 3	EP-freshwater: Ti tion model. (EUT ec.europa.eu/LC	REND mod	del, Struijs e	et al, 2					

Resource Use for 1 kg of Galvanized Metal Framing

Impact Category	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
PERE	MJ	2.79	0.006	0	0.155	0.002	0	0.001	-2.35
PERM	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PERT	MJ	2.79	0.006	0	0.155	0.002	0	0.001	-2.35
PENRE	MJ	25.2	495E-3	0	647E-3	141E-3	0	23.7E-3	-21.3
PENRM	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PENRT	MJ	25.2	495E-3	0	647E-3	141E-3	0	23.7E-3	-21.3
SM	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RSF	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NRSF	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FW	m³	0.048	103E-6	0	247E-6	29.4E-6	0	26.0E-6	-0.041
Acronyms	PERE: Use of renewable primary energy excluding resources used as raw materials, PERM: Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials, PERT: Total use of renewable primary energy, PENRE: Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding resources used as raw materials, PENRM: Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials, PENRT: Total use of non-renewable primary energy, SM: Secondary material, RSF: Renewable secondary fuels, NRSF: Non-renewable secondary fuels, FW: Net use of fresh water.								
Legend	A1: Raw Material Transport to Site, C4: Disposal, D: E	A5: Installa	ation, C1: De	e-Constr	uction, C2	:: Waste Tra			

Output Flows for 1 kg of Galvanized Metal Framing

Impact Category	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	СЗ	C4	D
HWD	kg	20.5E-6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NHWD	kg	191E-6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RWD	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CRU	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MFR	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MER	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EE (Electrical)	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EE (Thermal)	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Acronyms	HWD: Hazardous waste disposed, NHWD: Non-hazardous waste disposed, RWD: Radioactive waste disposed, CRU: Components for reuse, MFR: Material for recycling, MER: Materials for energy recovery, EE (Electrical): Exported energy electrical, EE (Thermal): Exported energy, Thermal.								
Legend	A1: Raw Material Transport to Site, C4: Disposal, D: I	A5: Install	ation, C1:	De-Constr	uction, (C2: Waste	Transpo		

Additional Calculation for 1 kg of Galvanized Metal Framing

For the USA market, environmental impacts were calculated with the TRACI 2.1 method as additional information. The results of the calculations taken with the same LCA model are given in the table below.

Impact Category	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	СЗ	C4	D
Ozone depletion	kg CFC-11 eq	150E-9	7.92E-9	0	1.95E-9	2.26E-9	0	356E-12	-126E-9
Global warming	kg CO ₂ eq	2.25	0.031	0	0.059	0.009	0	0.008	-1.90
Smog	kg O₃eq	0.164	0.003	0	0.003	0.001	0	174E-6	-0.139
Acidification	kg SO ₂ eq	0.011	116E-6	0	319E-6	33.3E-6	0	7.66E-6	-0.010
Eutrophication	kg N eq	0.016	32.1E-6	0	469E-6	9.17E-6	0	99.6E-6	-0.013
Carcinogenics	CTUh	1.42E-6	836E-12	0	5.08E-9	239E-12	0	354E-12	-1.21E-6
Non carcinogenics	CTUh	3.83E-6	7.55E-9	0	17.1E-9	2.16E-9	0	22.0E-9	-3.25E-6
Respiratory effects	kg PM _{2.5} eq	0.005	22.1E-6	0	414E-6	6.32E-6	0	1.06E-6	-0.004
Ecotoxicity	CTUe	264	0.243	0	0.683	0.069	0	1.64	-225
Fossil fuel depletion	MJ surplus	1.29	0.071	0	0.045	0.020	0	0.003	-1.08

References

/GPI/ General Programme Instructions of the International EPD® System. Version 3.0.

/EN ISO 9001/ Quality Management Systems - Requirements

/EN ISO 14001/ Environmental Management Systems - Requirements

/ISO 14020:2000/ Environmental Labels and Declarations — General principles

/EN 15804:2012+A2:2019/ Sustainability of construction works - Environmental Product Declarations — Core rules for the product category of construction products

/ISO 14025/ DIN EN ISO 14025:2009-11: Environmental labels and declarations - Type III environmental declarations — Principles and procedures

/ISO 14040/44/ DIN EN ISO 14040:2006-10, Environmental management - Life cycle assessment - Principles and framework (ISO14040:2006) and Requirements and guidelines (ISO 14044:2006)

/PCR for Construction Products and CPC 54 Construction Services/ Prepared by IVL Swedish Environmental Research Institute, Swedish Environmental Protection Agency, SP Trä, Swedish Wood Preservation Institute, Swedisol, SCDA, Svenskt Limträ AB, SSAB, The International EPD System, 2019:14 Version 1.11 DATE 2019-12-20

/The International EPD® System/ The International EPD® System is a programme for type III environmental declarations, maintaining a system to verify and register EPD®s as well as keeping a library of EPD®s and PCRs in accordance with ISO 14025. www.environdec.com

/Ecoinvent / Ecoinvent Centre, www.ecoinvent.org

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